THE members of the Infidel Society for the promotion of mental liberty, and the delegates from auxiliary societies, will meet at Military Hall. No. 193 Bowery, en Sunday norming, the 14th inst, at 10 o'clock. A public meeting will have heeld on he same evening at 7½ o'clock, at the Collegum, 450 Breadway.

NOTICE.

THE creditors of William Redgway are hereby notified to present their claims, properly authenticated, to the untersigned, on or hefore the first day of November next, presaratory to a dividend of assers.

jels 6t2tawic ORVILLE HORWITZ. Trustees.

DART TWENTY-FIVE of Virtue's Devotional Family
Bible is now ready for delivery, illustrated by an engraving of "Christ blessing little children," after one of the
most celebrated paintings of the German School,
GEORGE VIRTIE, late
jel43tem R. MARTIN & CO., 26 John st.

PACKET SHIPHOTTINGUER, from Liverpool. Consignees will please send their permits on board, foot Dover street, East River, without delay.

N. B.—All goods not permitted in five days, must be sent WOODHULL & MINTURN, 87 South st.

DR. BROWN & BROTHERS, No. 280/5 Broadway, between Chambers and Reads streets, next to Stewart's & Co. new marble store, insert beautiful incorruptible mineral and natural teeth, from \$1 to \$3.50. Also their WHITE CEMENT, for filling decayed teeth, without the least pain, and warranted durable for ten years. Price 50 cents. TEETH LOOSE, from scury in the gums, medical treatment, or other causes, cured by their celebrated Lotion Odonta, Price 50 cents. TOOTHACHE, effectually cared, without the least pain—50 cents. TEETH EXTRACTED with less than half the usual pain—50 cents. Operations given over by other Dentists, solicited, and no charge made without entire fatis faction is given. Mechanical Dentistry done for other Dentists. Operations performed during the evening.

tisfiction of the sufferer."—Sunday Despatch.

Je H It's

A PERSON named Wiliam Jones of laby, Cafu Ferry, is
desirous of receiving a few lines from his brother, who
lives in this city, and address the same on board the Almudralina, lying at the Atlantic dock

WANTED,

A PERSON (white or colored.) from fifteen to twenty-five
years of age, who understands sheving, and can speak
French and English purely, will hear of a situation as a gentleman's servant, by addressing a line No. 202 Astor House,
giving his address, terms and qualifications. jeld lw*rc

BOOKKEEPER AND SALESMAN

WANTED, in an Auction and Commission Store. One
who can influence sales, and has an extensive circle of
acquaintance, will meet with a good situation and liberal saply who cannot produce undoubted testimonials of ability,
and furniture and general auction store. None need apply who cannot produce undoubted itstimonials of ability.
The situation will be open to applicant; stating terms and references, to J. M. & Co., at this office.

The situation will be open to applicants till the 15th inst.
jeb lw*rc

GOVERNESS WANTED

GOVERNESS WANTED,
TO teach four children the French, Germas and English
languages and music. References required. Apply at
the Swedish Consulate, No. 25 West street. jet 2werc

To teach four children the French, Germas and English Ingrusages and music. References required. Apply at the Swediah Consulate, No. 55 West street. jed 2w rc

WANTED.

A FEW active Young Men to go Bouth or West, to act as \$200 over and above their expenses will be affected in writing, with an opportunity of clearing \$1,000 per year. Some men now in our employ will, no only make over \$1,000 per year clear of all expense. Each mas provided instruct. It will be necessary for them to have at least from \$25 to \$50 to obtain a good fitting out. Apply at FRENCH'S Tublishing Hall, 239 Broadway up stairs, Office of the Flag of our Union. All letters must be post paid. myl6 im*rc COPPER MINERS WANTED

TO WORK in a mine in the vicinity of this city. Apply to provide the provided in the provided in

the same time, were stolen from the same place two blue seed calf Pocket Casea, with silver clasps, containing as Surgical Instruments, stamped with the names of iere. Sanson and Tiemann—one 6 inches long by 3 in. dth, stamped on the inside "Sanson, Faris," and the about helf the size, with the name of "Dr. Van Buon the inside on paper. a hore reward will be cheerfully paid, with many a first the recovery of the articles enumerated, and if nerty, the advertiser pledges himself to ask no questions, y at Dr. Mott's residence, as above—or to H. H. Mott, ney at Law, 29 Fark Flace.

[89] [w*m]

Will be published on Saturday, June 13th, the COUNT OF MONTE CHRISTO, by Alexander Dumas, Author of "The Three Guardamen," etc., etc. Embellished with

V OF MONTE CHRISTO, by Alexander Dumas, Author of "The Three Guardamen," etc., etc., Embelished with 12 baautiful Hustratious, drawn by M. Valentin, and engraved by the most skilful arisits. This work is pronounced by Blackwood's Magazine to be "in literature what the pyramids are in architecture—univailed and impersabable. The incidents, although frequently of the most horrible description, are so well conceived and skilfully narrated, that we almost fancy we see the characters snacting their various paris. The work will be completed in three number, 25 cts. each. For sale at all bookstores.

H. L. WILLIAMS, Publisher, 12 Ann street. 1913 3tdkitwere

W stroug of obtaining commissions in the Volunte Corps, now raising in this city and State, that he (W. G. HAYNES) has made arrangements for receiving about 100 young men for primary lessons in military instruction. He guaranties to prepare gentlemen to take charge of their companies under the Colonel in a course of twelve lessons. One lesson, two hours of tuition: 12, 2, and 4, in the largest single room in the city, second floor American Eagle Sale Stable, corner of Delaucey and Chrystie streets. It is requested those gentlemen who feel included to avail themselves of this offer, are requested to call and enrol their names, so as to make up the number of one hundred.

S. B.—A company of 75 file, can wheel by right or left, shoulders forward, in this splendid room. Companies may also hire for drill rooms.

W. G. HAYNES, Late of 7th U. S. lafantry.

ONE PRICE ICE COMPYNY.

ONE PRICE ICE COMPYNY.

OFFICE OF THE CRYSTAL LAKE ICE COMPANY.

New York, June 10, 1846.

A T a meeting of this Company, held at this Office, the following Resolutions were unanimofully adopted:

Resolved, That the fair, remucerating price for Ice, delivered from carts, in this citry, is 18% cents per 100 lbs., and that this Company will neither ask nor receive more throughout the whole of this season.

Resolved, That this Company will contract with any individual at this price, and adhere to the same for any length of time, from one to five years.

Resolved, That the system of abuse and unhandsome treatment by drivers towards customers, is reprobated by this company; and any driver in their employ subjecting himself to complaint on this account, shall be punished by an immedate discharge.

discharge.

This Company have invested in this business \$35,000. They have secured during the past winter an ample supply of the purest ICE. Their parges Texas, Oregon and California, each bringing 400 tons, are daily plying between their Lake and this city, supplying 21 carts employed in distributing it throughout New York and its suburbs.

Every contract made by this Company, will, at all hazards be svictly carried out to the letter. Orders maybe left on, board the barges at Catharine Market, East River, or at the Company's Office, with jell 22 or W. M. ANDREWS, Agent, 38 Burling Slip.

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING,
SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING,
AT W. H. DEGROOT & CO'S. 102 Fulton street.
WHERE the following great attractions will be presented by the color of th

DINING SALOON FOR SALE.

an opportunity hike the present is seldom offered.

Jell Iwerc

BROWN'S REFECTORY,

PHILADELPHIA.—For Sale—The stock, fixtures, and good will of the above well known establishment. To a person wishing to engage in the business, satisfactory evidence will be furnished of its present successful prosecution, and its capability of further improvement, by good management. The proprietor, wishing to sell, will offer a burgain, for cash. Notes addressed, or application made to 76 Cheanut at. Philadelphia, corner of Exchange Place, will meet with attention.

BOARDING.

TO LET—two rooms, to single gentlemen, with breakfast and tea, or full board, in a private family where there is but one other boarder, in a pleasant situation between two stage routes, in the neighborhood of St. Luke's church.—Terms underste. Address Livingston, Herald office, which will mee with strention.

BOARDING, SEA BATHING AND FISHING.

BO ARDINO, SEA BATHINO AND FISHING.
TO those who wish for retirement and comfort during the aummer months, combined with economy, a rare chance now offers. James W. Hendrickson, proprietor of a small Cottage, delightfully situated at the Highlands of Neversink, commanding a splendid view of the ocean, with fine Fishing and Bathing, can take 10 or 12 boarders upon very moderate

PARK THEATRE-Bores, \$1; Pit, 50 cents: Gallery 25 cents.-Monday Evening, June 15-Benefit of Mr

G Jones.

I. Lower Boxes, 30 cents; second and third tiers, 25 cts.;

Pit and Gallery, 12% cents.

Doors open at 7 o'clock—Curtain will rise at half past seven o'clock.

Doors open at 7 o'clock—Curtain will rise at half past seven o'clock.

C ASTLE GARDEN.—Monday Evening, June 15—The revening's annsements will open with the overture of Die Fellsenmuhe. The Misses Vallee will dance the pas de deux El Jaleo de Xeres Dwarf or Transformation Dance by Mr Thompson. Overture of Fra Diavolo. A pas de deux De Savoyard oy the Miss Vallee. A Pas Seul Extravagant, Mr. Thompson. To conclude with the popular overture of La Fille du Regiment.

On Sunday, a grand selection of Sacred Music.

On Sunday, a grand selection of Sacred Music.

P A L M O'S O PE R A HOUSE.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—Monday Evening, June 15, 1846.—
NIBLO'S GARDEN.—Monday Evening, June 15, 1846.—
The entertainments will commence with a popular overture. After which, Elegant and daring achievements on the Tight Rope, by the Ravel Family and Charles Winther. To be followed by the Cracovienne, by Mad-me Leon Javelli, Monsieur Marcetti, will go through his amazing feats named Contortions.

Monateur Marcetti, will go through his amazing feats named Contortions.

Half an hour's intermission for the Concerts A-la-Musard, in the Refreshment Saloon,

To conclude with the comic pantomime of VOLAUVENT—Characters by the Ravel Family, in which the celebrated Gabriel Ravel will exhibit his extraordinary performances, introducing La Barre Cerrique, crossing the stage on a pole 15 feet high.

Doors open at 7 o'clock to herical and a chicked significant of the stage on a pole 15 feet high.

Programme in future papers.

Jell 21*r

GOTHIC HALL, BROADWAY.

The long promised Mechanical Exhibition brought to this country by Mons. George Tietz, of Paris, will be opened to the public on Monday next, June 15th, and continue open for the summer season, commencing every evening at 7 o'clock. The automata are as large as life, consisting of the Arabian Magician, the Mogul and his War Elephant, the Spanish Trumpeters, the Amazing Duck of Vaucanson, Le Petit Tambour, the Dancing Lady, Mademoiselle Babette, all as large as life, and performing every act of vitality.

Admission 35 cents.

BOSTON VS. NEW YORK.

CENTREVILLE COURSE, L. I., TROTTING,
TUESDAY, June 19th, at 3 o'clock, P. M., purse \$50, mile
heats, beat 3 in 5, in harness.
G. Smith, euters.
G. E. Grey Medoc.
C. Carman, enters.
G. E. Grey Medoc.
A. Ten Evck, enters.
G. E. Grey Eagle.
A. Campbell, enters.
G. E. Grey Eagle.
A. Campbell, enters.
D. F. Peter Smith.
Thursday, June 17th, at 3 o'clock, P. M., match for \$500,
two mile heats in harness.
Louis Clark, of Boston, names.
D. B. Daniel Webster.
Wm. Whelan, ol New York, names.
DEL CONKLIN.
BOSTON VS. NEW YORK.

PARK THEATRE—Bores, \$1; Fit, 50 count: Gallery 25 cents.—Monday Evening, June 15—Benefit of Mr. Simpson—The performance to commence with the comedy 50 MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING—Benedick, Mr. C. Kean; Pedro, Bland; Angonio, Fisher; Beatrice, Mrs Charles Kean; Margaret, Miss Gordon. After which Signors Resima Pico will sing a Spanish Song. To conclude with THE FOLLIES OF A NIGHT—Fhilip, Duke de Chartres, Mr Charles Kean; Duchess de Chartres, Mrs Churles Kean.

Doers open at 7 o'clock—per ortunace to concennee at precisely 7% o'clock

Down open at 7 o'clock—per ortunace to concennee at precisely 7% o'clock

Down Of THE THOUSAND AND ONE NIGHTS—Mill be performed the new and gorzeous spectacle of Kerim, Genii of the Lamp, Chanftan; The green baboon, Master Yeonan; Ismael, Mr Sutherland; Schariar, Mr Davenport; Scherarade, Mrs Phillips, To conclude with G Jones. INTELLIGENCE FROM WASHINGTON.

OREGON OUESTION

THE GREAT QUESTION OF THE DAY.

The Senate have saved the country from a war, and secured an honorable adjudication of a much vexed question.

Ou Sanday, a graud selection of Sacred Music.

PALMO'S OPERA HOUSE,

CHAMBERS STREET

FIRST NIGHT OF HERR ALEXANDER, the celebrated German Magician.—Monday Evening, June 12—
Extraordinary and entirely unprecedented Exhibition of Scientific Illusions, consisting of various supprising and amusing Experimental Feats, based on the Hidden Wonders of
Chemistry, Purumatics, Optics, Natural Philosophy and Magic. Herr Alexander respectibly, his return to New York, for
the parpose of giving a series of mystical entertainments,
which he flatters himself, from the pants asken in their production, will give the most entire satisfaction. In order to
give additional effect to his new pieces, the extensive stage
of Palmo's Theatre has been entirely refitted and gorgeonsly
decorated, the whole presenting the appearance of a splendid
TEMPLE OF ENCHANTMENT.

Tackets of cents—Children under ten, half price.

Doors open at 7—Perfermance to commence at 8 o'clock.
Box Office open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., where seats may
be secured Frivate Boxes, to admit four persons, \$3.

Jeli 27*er

N TBLO'S GARDEN—Monday Evening, June 15, 1846.—

N TBLO'S GARDEN—Monday Evening, June 15, 1846.— The vote was 38 aves to 12 nays. Mr. Corwin was absent from sickness. Mr. Barrow and Mr. Crittenden absent in Virginia. A fourth whig vote

throughout the length and breadth of the Union. In relation to the above, we take the following from the Washington Union of Friday night:-

from the Washington Union of Friday night:—
RUMORS.—It is rumored over this city, though we have no official authority for the statement, and will not youch for the truth of it, that the Senate of the United States has been engaged in closed doors for three days past on a message from the President of the United States, consulting them about the propriety of accepting terms proposed by Mr. Pakenham for the adjustment of the Oregon question. There are different rumors about the precise character of the proposition. It is said in the streets of Washington this evening, immediatly after the Senate adjourned at 5 orclock, that they advised the President to accept the proposition by a vote of 38 to 12! We cannot consent to keep these important rumors from our readers, although we have no official evidence for them, and have had no sort of communication upon this event with any member either of the Senate or of the administration—We understand that the Senate adjourned over till Monday.

Characters by the Ravel Family, in which the celebrated Gabriel Ravel will exhibit his extraordinary performances, introducing La Barre Cerrique, crossing the stage on a pole 15 feet high.

Doorn open at 70 clock, to begin at 3 o'clock precisely Tickets Fifty Cents.

HUWES & GU.'S NEW YORK MAMMUTH CIRCUS.

THE LARGEST ESTABLISHENT ever organized in the United States, comprising 150 Men and Horses, re quiring 26 Carriages to convey the performers, wardrobe, mn sicians, &c. The company has attached to it Eight Female questrians, among whom is the Greatest Female Rider of the Age, recently arrived from Faris.

whose new style of Equestrian Feats, peculiarly her own, being charman and classic; her graceful and fascinating address, and the charming messet with which she chains her andience, reading feature of the grifed and highly-educated critiste he leading feature of the grifed and highly-educated critiste he leading feature of the grifed and highly-educated critiste he leading feature of the grifed and highly-educated critiste he leading feature of the grifed and highly-educated critiste he leading feature of the grifed and highly-educated critiste he leading feature of the grifed and highly-educated critiste he leading her high the proprietors offer are the celebrated string feats performed by this distinguished critistary and daring feats performed by this distinguished critistary and carriag feats performed by this distinguished critistary and carriag feats performed by the company in the compa APOLLU KOUMS.

THE GREAT WIZARANCE IN AMERICA OF THE GREAT WIZARA DOF THE EAST.

M. LANGRISHE, having just arrived from Europe, the work of the principal cities to crowded and overwhelming andiences, and at private soirces before the royal families of France and England, will appear for the first time in America at the above named Room, Broadway, on THURSDAY, June 18th, and following evenings, with a splendid apparatus, illustrating the wonders of Natural Magic and Experimental Philosophy. On each evening who has been engaged, will appear for the first time in this city, and sing several of the most modern and approved authors; and also a full and efficient Orchestra will perform during the evening several of the most modern and approved authors; and also a full and efficient Orchestra will perform the lavorite opera.

THE ALLEGHANIANS respectfully announce that they will give their first CONCERT in New York at the COLISEUM, 450 Broadway, on WEDNESDAY evening, June 17, 1846, commencing at 8 o'clock. Cards of admission fifty cents, to be had at the music stores and at the door.

Programme is future papers.

The vote in the Senate, advising the President to comptomise the Oregon controversy, is as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Archer, Ashley, Benton, Berrien, Bagby, J. M. Clayton, T. Clayton, Calhoun, Cameron, Colquitt, Dix, Dayton, Davis, Evans, Green, Gen. Houston, Haywood, Huntington, Jarnagan, Johnson, of Md., Johnson, of La., Lewis, McDutifie, Mangum, Morehead, Miller, Niles, Pearce, Pennybacker, Phelps, Rusk, Sevier, Speight, Simmons, Turney, Webster, Woodbridge, Yulee—38.

NAYS—Messrs. Allen, Atchison, Atherton, Breese, Cass, Dickinson, Jeness, Fairfield, Sturgeon, Semple—10.

Mr. Hannegan refused to vote, and Messrs. Barrow, Chalmers, Crittenden, Corwin, Bright, Westcott, Upham—7.

WASHINGTON, June 12—6½ P. M.

The Oregon Question—The Course of the Senate.

I did not write, because my own judgment was n doubt as to important matters connected with the great question, which is now pending. Since then, I have conferred personally with more than twenty Senators and can now speak with more confidence.

The terms before the Senate, though not in orm, are substantially the ultimatum of the British ministry. They were not put in shape, because Sir Robert Peel did not desire to embarrass his successor with any committal to his policy, or to leave the responsibility of a war upon the shoulders of his friend, if one should grow out of it.

Last night a good feeling prevailed as to the result—had a vote been taken yesterday, the two-thirds could have been obtained, but one difficulty is now to be apprehended, and that is as to the amendments which may be offered.

This may be news to the country, but information is in possession of the Senate, showing that Sir Robert Peel will probably resign within thirty days. A portion of the tories have signified to Lord John Russell and his friends, they will form a coalition to expel the ministry whenever they are ready. Sir Robert is opposed to this condition of things, and will be apt to take the Home Labor Bill, as the chance to declare himself fully, and to relimination would cover

rance vile."

The fifty-four forties declare open war upon the Administration. The Tariff may now be regarded as nearly safe, and your Collector, Mr. Horn, may expect decapitation whenever his nomination is called up. A formal vote in the Senate may be expected to-day.

Jucunda rerum vicissitudo-Jucundum cognitu at-

Yes, indeed. They are going to do it. There was a very strong report in town to-night at the adjournment of the Senate, that they had agreed

BOSTON VS. NEW YORK.

CENTREVILLE COURSE, L. I., TROTTING, M. ONDAY, June 15th, at 3 o'clock P. M.—Match for \$500, two mile heats, in harness.

L. Chark, of Boston, names.

L. Chark, of Boston, names.

J. Conklin, enters.

J. C. M. en to advise the President affirmatively upon the protocol of Mr. Pakenham—33 to 10. Adjourned over to Monday. Certes, when the question comes to the proposition of Mr. Pakenham or nothing, the following will be about the strength of that irresistible radical combination in the Senate, which threatened in less than six months to hurry the nation, nolens volens, into a contest FARMS WANTED.

"HE applications for Farms, at the Reat. Estate manRET, have become so numerous that to enable us to meet
all demands, we require consignments of a large number, in
addition to those already registered in our office. Wanted
immediately, two good farms, handsomely situated, not very
far from this city, containing 75 to 150 acres each. For one
cash will be paid; for the other a superior house and lot in
South Brobelyn will be exchanges. We are about to issue an
eularged edition of the American Reat. Estate Advenriser, for gratultons circulation in Europe and American
persons having Heal Estate for sale, of any description, or
situated in any part of the country, are invited to send us a
description, with price, terms, &c.

Our terms of Agency are, \$1 for registering, and \$1 for
each inaction ordered in the Advertiser, payable in adcance; and when a sale is made to the person neat by us to
purchase, a commission, on improved property of two and
and a half per cent—on new lands five per cent.

Fersons withing to purchase, will please address us by letter, post paid, and we will send them a copy of the Advertiser, and more particular information if desired.

112 Broadway, New York, Express Building,
jett itd&ttw*re.

PURNITURE FOR SALE.—Selected Furniture of a
housskeeper riven up house on Monday the ways. with the whole civilized world, upon the question of the annexation, instanter, of the entire Ameri-

derable illumination upon this point. It is from a late letter from Mexico:-

derable illumination upon this point. It is from a late letter from Mexico:—

"A letter from Tepic, dated the 20th of April, says that Admiral Seymour, whose arrival at Mazatlan we have announced, is concentrating at that port a fleet which will consist of the Collingwood, of 80 guns: the America and Grampus, of 50 guns each, and seven other vessels of war of smaller class, but which will carry the total of the guns of that fleet up to 346. The Admiral has besides four steamers at his disposal. The Mexicans argue from this large force that England is sure to declare war on the Oregon question. This idea has been a favorite one with them all along, and is certainly influencing their hopes of success in the war with av."

The Oregon Treaty will dispel this illusion, and show the Mexican Government, that a speedy peace or a speedy extinction are the only alternatives from which to make a selection.

It is indeed surmised that Mr. Pakenham, after the settlement of the Oregon question, will propose his mediation between the United States and Mexico. But there will be no necessity for it, nor do we suppose that without advisement he will hastily interfere.

We take occasion to announce, for reliable in formation, the indomitable bravery of Hon. Seth Barton, Solicitor of the Treasury, in a great victory he has recently achieved over a messenger in his department. John Phillips, the messenger of Chas. B. Penrose, was retained, of course, by Mr. Barton, while his own confirmation was held in abeyance; but after the Senate had approved him, there being no further danger of "a fire in his rear," he boldly ejected Mr. Phillips and appointed a Mr. Isaac Ankeny, of Carlisle, Pa., in his place. Salary \$500 a year. For the moral courage exhibited in this removal, Mr. Barton will stand exalted by an admiring posterity. Examples like this are well adapted to shed undying lustre over the history of this administration. Our private opinion is, that it was an exceedingly small potates proceeding. Mr. Bancroft has done nothing quite

requests, equivalent to instructions, for the distribution proposed.

Mr. Bestron was opposed to the whole scheme. And the idea that instructions from the State Legislatures upon the subject of buying books of a bookseller to distribute among the lawyers, was preposterous. The great right of instruction was intended for great principles, and not to be used in a book speculation. This is a bill, sir, buying books of a bookseller, to give away among the lawyers. Last year we printed a large extra quantity of a book for the farmers; and this year we were called upon to print another of the same sort, and we were told that it would be of the same size. But it turns out to be double the size. And the profits from the printing of that book exceed the profits of the best farm in Arkansas or Misrouri for a life time—a farm in Missouri, with a hundred slaves upon it, would not yield a tithe of the profit of the extra printing of this single book. (Report of the Fatent Office.) No, sir, a farm of a hundred slaves, would hardly make as much money in a life time. Having thus distributed books to the farmers, we come now to the lawyers—next we suppose the physicians will come in for a share, and so all professions in their turn, sir.

out there upon the sofa, when the Senator from Arkansas came out and touched me upon the shoulder, and said that one of my bills was up. [Here Mr. Sevier commenced laughing, and continued as if his sides were splitting.] It is called one of my bills, sir. The Senator may laugh for the burden of proof is against me. I have learned of one of these book transactions, which illustrates this business to some extent. A member of Congress—I shan't give you his name, sir, sold out his reversionary right, sir, to a book, the extent of the printing of which no man can tell—he sold out his right, sir, estimated, at least, at \$2.90, for ten dollars in hand—cash in hand. He sold out at the other end of the avenue for ten dollars. The abuse of this book business is as scandalous as it is notorious, and as notorious as it is scandalous. You may take it backwards or forwards, sir. I do hope and trust in God that we shall stop this business. As to instructions from the States for parcels of books—State Legislatures instructing the National Legislature—if they undertake to instruct me, I would demur—if any instructions come to me about a book I have never seen, I shall put in a demurrer.

Mr. Aller moved to lay the whole on the table.

Mr. Bennen—Never to rise again.

Mr. Ashery appealed that the motion be withdrawn, in order to some reply to the remarks of the Senator from Missouri.

Mr. Bennen seconded this appeal, as a member of the judiciary committee from which the resolution emanated, providing for this purchase and distributions of the laws, &c.

Mr. Allen in deference to the request of the Senator withdrew the motion, to renew at the earliest opportunity.

Mr. Berren waived his remarks upon the subject for the present, and moved an Executive Session upon the protocol of Mr. Pakenham, at half-past one o'clock, P. M.

House of Rep. esentatives.

Washington, June 12, 1846.

The tariff—the union's veracity imprached—a defended of the Military committee of the Committee on Military Affairs, asked leave to make a personal explanation.

Mr. Haralson, of Georgia, and Chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs, asked leave to make a personal explanation.

Mr. McKay, Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, had made a motion to go into Committee of the Whole, for the purpose of taking up the navy appropriation bill; and, unwilling to give way, being anxious that it should be passed with the least possible delay, he suggested that the gentleman could make his explanation at a subsequent period of the day. [Voices—"Better do it now."] And he took the occasion to remark that, on Monday next, he should press the consideration of the bill to reduce the duties on imports levied under the act of 1842. ["Oh, you've come out at last."]

Mr. Daniel arose—Mr. Speaker—

The Speaker—The gentieman from Georgia has the floor.

Mr. Daniel—As my colleague (Mr. McKay) has given

of 1842. ["Oh, you've come out at last."]

Mr. Daniel ross—Mr. Speaker—

The Speaker—The gentieman from Georgia has the floor.

Mr. Daniel—As my colleague (Mr. McKay) has given a notice, I deem it my duty to give notice that I shall move to proceed to the consideration of hills on the private calendar.

Mr. Haralson remarked that, having noticed a certain article in the Globs of yesterday—[A voice—"The Union, you mean"]—he thought it necessary to make an explanation somewhat personal, and in which every member of the Military Committee was implicated or interested. The editorial to which he alluded, in commenting on a letter from Gen. Taylor, dated tue 18th of May, says:—"It will be seen from the letter, that it was very unfortunate that he was not supplied with a ponton train which would have enabled him to pursue the enemy across the Rio Grande, and greatly improve the results of his victory. Having made enquiry on the subject, we have ascertained that it was a source of no less regret to the War Department than to Gen. Taylor, that it possessed neither the power nor the means of previoling him with such a train. Its great usefulness and importance in military operations, has, we understand, been long known to the Department, and various efforts have been made to induce tongress to make provision for it.

This ecommendation was followed up by earnest and repeated efforts by the Department to induce its sanction by Congress; and the Secretary of War no less than three times, in the early part of the session, addressed the appropriate committee on the subject, urging the importance of this measure and reminding them that the General, commanding the army in Texas, had called for this essential equipment to his military operations, etc. Now, ke did not wish to trespass on the details of the Secretary of War, and he would willingly concede that the Secretary had discharged his duty on the subject, but he was unwilling that it should be done at the expense of the Committee on Military Affairs had directed him to sa

message and the accompanying documents reached the House. It was in anticipation of a reference of the subject to the Committee. On the 8th of January, a bill was reported to the House from the Sanate on this subject. Efforts were made by the gentleman from Ohio, (Mr. Brinkerhoff.) and the gentleman from South Carolina, (Mr. Burt.) as well as himself, it would be remembered, to procure the action of the House on the measure. Its importance was felt, no more by the Secretary of Warthan by the committee themselves, it was due to the Committee to state, that it was not within their recollection that their attention had been three times drawn to it. He trusted that proper credit would be accorded to the committee for having discharged their duties promptly and properly to the country, and that they were not obnoxious to the charge contained in the editorial to which he had adverted.

The question was then taken on the motion of Mr. McKay, to go into Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, and it was decided in the negative—Ayes, St. noes, St.

TRANSPORTATION OF UNITED STATES MAILS IN OCEAN

Mr. T. B. King, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, asked and obtained leave to report a bill to authorize and require the Secretary of the Navy, to enter into certain contracts for the transportation of the United States mails in ocean steamers.

Mr. T. B. Kino, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, asked and obtained leave to report a bill to authorize and require the Secretary of the Navy, to enter into certain contracts for the transportation of the United States mails in ocean steamers.

The first section provides that immediately after the passage of this act, the Secretary shall accept the proposals of E. K. Collins, of New York, to the Postmaster General, for the transportation of the United States mails between New York and Liverpool, and contract with him for the faithful performance of the duties.

2. To contract with A. G. Sloo for the transportation of the United States mails between New York and Havre, between New York and New Orleans, and intermediate ports of Norfolk, Charleston, Savannah, and Havana, and between New York and New Orleans and Chagres, or Balizo, in accordance with the proposition addressed to the Hon. J. E. Holmes, of the Committee on Naval Affairs.

3. The steamers to be employed by Collins in the transportation of the mails between New York and Liverpool, shall receive four passed Midshipmen of the United States Navy, who shall serve as watch officers, and be accommodated on board said vessels without charge to the government.

4. The steamers to be employed by A. G. Sloo shall be commanded by navy officers, to be selected by and with the advice and consent of the Secretary of the Navy, and each steamer shall receive and accommodate, without charge to the government, four passed midshipmen, who shall serve as watch officers.

5. Each steamer employed in the transportation of the mails shall receive and accommodate, without charge to the government, one or more agents to be appointed by the Postmaster General, who shall, under his direction, have charge of mails on those routes where the postage is to be received by the government.

6. That all mailable matter carried in said steamers between New York or other ports of the United States and Havana, shall pay the same rates of postage as are now required by law to be paid f

The question was taken by year and hays year en, mays 93.

The first section, as agreed on by the two Houses, provides for an addition to the army of one major general and two brigadier generals.

The House receded from several of its amendments.

The flourse receded from several of its amendments.

A "PLATE OF SOUP!"

The following being under consideration: "That from and after the passage of this act, no officer in the army of the United States, not actually engaged in prosecuting or aiding in carrying on hostilities against the public enemy, shall be entitled to receive more than eight rations per day, or commutation therefor—"

Mr. Gordon said he saw no necessity for receding from it. An officer should not receive more rations than a common soldier, unless it could be proved that he at more. [Laughter.] I hope, said he, the House will insist.

A Voice—"An officer may eat more soup." "Yes, a hasty plate of soup." [Laughter.]

Mr. Tisbatts gave a reason why an officer should receive the number of rations specified, but it was not heard by the reporter.

Mr. G, H. Houston, (in his seat.) Oh, add "a hasty plate of soup." And the echo said "soup."

The House refused to recede from its amendment—Yeas 73, nays 92.

The result was ordered to be communicated to the Senate.

THE INGERSOLL COMMITTEE-MR. WEBSTER-THE RE-

Senate.

THE INGERSOLL COMMITTEE—MR. WEBSTER—THE REPORT—THE RESULT.

Mr. Schenck, from the Select Committee, asked leave
to make a report.

Objection being made, he said he rose to a question of
privilege.

Mr. Hofein.—I hope the gentleman will not make the
report. The gentleman from Pennsylvania, (Mr. C. J.
Ingersoll.) I understand, is not now in the city, having
left for Philadelphia yesterday, in consequence of a severe family affliction. I repeat, I hope the report will
not be pressed in his absence.

Mr. Dobenn, (one of the Committee.) The gentleman
from Pennsylvania was aware that the report would be
made.

The Speaker.—The report will be made.

Mr. Schenck sent the report to the Clerk's table, and
said, I move that the resolution appended be adopted.

Mr. Brodhead.—I ask for the reading of the report
and resolution.

Mr. Houston, of Alabama.—Oh, no; enly the resolution.

The resolution was read, that the report and record of

it the c Mr. Rockwell, of Connecticut.—I hope the report will

infinish a copy of the same, when printed, to the President of the United States and the Secretary of State, and that the committee be discharged from the further consideration of the subject.

Mr. Rockwell, of Connecticut.—I hope the report will be read.

The Spraker.—The question is on reading the report. (Voices—"Let's hear it." "It's a short one "etc). The reading of the report was ordered; and it is substantially as follows, viz:—

The Select Committee appointed to inquire how certain information was obtained by the Hon. C. J. Ingersoll, from papers and accounts in the State Department, which the President declined to submit to the House, report: that immediately after their appointment, they proceeded to make the investigation, and have been assiduously engaged ever since in the performance of the duty. They applied to all sources for information, and examined witnesses able to throw light on the subject, and submit the result in a mass of testimory. After much consideration the committee present the evidence, without stating their conclusions, which can be adduced by the House itself from the testimony; and, therefore, they deem it most proper to forbear any comment whatever. They leave it to the House to take such order and action in the premises as occasion may seem to require, and present a full record of all their proceedings and the testimony taken. Inasmuch as some portion implicates one or more subordinates in the State Department, as to permitting access to the records, the committee propose that a copy of the report and testimony, when printed, be furnished the President and the Secretary of State.

The resolution was again read.

Mr. Kennedy.—Now read the evidence.

Mr. Houston, of Alabama.—I move to lay the report and resolution on the table, and that they be printed.—[Cries of "Oh, no."]

Mr. Schence.—In moisired to say that it is the unanimous report of the committee, and signed by all, and concurred in the printing.

Mr. THUMMA.—I must be sufficient to defer making the report until the retu

waited on it. Ingest and accounts of Mr. Webster in the Department.]

rement.]

rement.]

rement. The Laws—a foint of order—a falseheod.

Mr. McClelland's arose and addressed "Mr. Speaker."

Mr. Winthror did the same, and said he had a point of order.

Mr. Schence, (who had arisen)—I have a point of order.

The Spraker.—The gentleman's turn will be after the gentleman from Massachusetts. [Laughter.]

Mr. Schence.—I have a question of privilege.

Mr. Minthror.—I also have a question of privilege.

Mr. Schence.—Has the motion of the select committee bean agreed to?

The Spraker.—The report has been laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Schence.—Ah! (and took his seat.)

Mr. Winthror.—I understand the printing of the laws to be in order. I sak whether I can call up that question?

The Spraker.—If the gentleman claims the foor he can do so.

Mr. Winthror.—I do. When the morning hour ex-

can do so.

Mr. WINTHROT.—I do. When the morning hour expired—
The Sprakes.—The morning hour has just com-The SPEARLE.—The morning hour has just commenced. (Laughter)
Messrs. Winthrop, Houston, Gordon, and Hudson, spoke on the subject until the expiration of the morning hour. In the course of the debate, something like the following took place:
Mr. Hocsros, of Alsbams, in reply to Mr. Hudson, ac-

cused him of special pleading and was corry triend near him (Mr. Gordon) had fallen into error.

Mr. Gordon arose,—If the gentleman accuses me of special pleading, I can but say he is guilty of pettifogging.

Mr. Housron.—It is a contemptible falsehood.

Mr. Gordon.—A wounded man will show his suffering by getting mad

Mr. Housron.—A man who will tell a falsehood has not courage enough to stand up to it.

The Spraker rapped to order, and

Mr. Housron said he intended no disrespect to the gentleman from Massachusetts, (Mr. Hudson)

ABLUER MEDAL TO THE BRAYE.

Mr. HUNT, of New York, moved to suspend the rules, but the motion did not prevail, to introduce a resolution authorizing the Fresident to procure and present to each of the non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, who so gallantly fought in the battles of the 5th and 9th of May on the Rio Grande, a silver medal.

ABJOERNMENT OF CONGRESS.

the non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, who so gallantly fought in the battles of the soft and 9th of May on the Rio Grande, a silver medal.

Mr. A. Stewart asked leave to submit a resolution—that the two Houses of Congress adjourn on the 24th of July next. Objection being made, he moved a suspension of the rules; but it was refused—yeas 37, nays 32, not two thirds.

DARLY HEUR OF MERTING.

After several propositions had been offered for the daily hour of meeting, the House agreed to 10 o'clock.

Mr. Brinkerhoff asked leave to introduce a bill to increase the pay of the rank and file of the army, and that of the volunteers and militia, two dollars, in addition to what they are now by law allowed.

The House refused to suspend the rules for the reception of the fesolution.

OFFICIAL ACCOUNT OF THE BATTLES.

A message was received from the President of the United States, communicating official despetches received from General Taylor, giving detailed reports of the operations of the army, and particularly the recent engagements between the Mexican and United States troops on the Rie Grande, which were laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Davis, of Mississippi, made an ineffectual effort to introduce a series of resolutions, viz:—1. A gold medal to General Taylor, 2 Bronze medals, made of the bombs thrown into Fort Brown, and the field pieces captured;

3. The nearest friends of those who were wounded and have since died to be thus honored; 4. A sword of honor to each of the officers.

Two or three private bills were passed, and at twenty minutes past three o'clock the House adjourned.

Dull weather - Another ridiculous verdict - Stewart's case

- Ship ready to launch-the National Birth day-Mar-kets, Stock board, &c. kets, Stock board, &c.

After about fifty hours drizzling rain the weather still continues dark, damp and heavy. The prospects for a change for the better are equally unpropitious at pre-

rate justice and equity of baltimore was again fulled yesterday by one of those daily mockeries, a "trial by jury." The jury in the case of young Dull, who had been absent about forty hours, returned to court with a verdict of "not guilty." He was tried for causing the death been absent about forty hours, returned to court with a verdict of "not guilty." He was tried for causing the death of John W. Ledmun, by stabbing him in the heart with a dirk knife. The fact of his having stabbed Ledmun was not denied, though some triding evidence was introduced to make it a case of self-defeace. The facts of the case were, that Dull was enamoured of a young prostitute, whom Ledmun had sitting in his lap. He pulled her og in a fit of jealousy. Ledmun jumped up and caught hold of him, and the witnesses thought he was about throwing full down, when the latter stabbed him. But the fact is, there has not been a just verdict rendered in any important case in Baltimore, with the exception of Horn and McCurry, since the far-famed compromise verdict in the case of William Stewart. By the way, let me sak again, for the forty-fifth time, what has become of the promised dying protestation and statement of Stewart, with regard to the murder of his father?

Messrs. Goodwyn & Richardson have on the stocks a fine bark of 220 tons burthen, which they expect to launch this afternoon. She is coppered and copper fastened, was built for Messrs. William Howell & Sons, of this city, and will be called the Christiana. Messrs. Abrahams & Cooper have also ready at their yard, for launching, a fine brig of 230 tons burthen, built for Messrs. Hooper & Cheesborough, of this city. They also expect to launch her this afternoon.

We are to have a great celebration of the 4th of July in this city. About one dozen military companies from the country will be in town, all our old companies will be on parade, with eight or ten new ones, in connection with whom a civic procession will be formed, and an oration delivered by Thos. Yates Walsh, Eag.

The Maskers.—Flour has declined since last week, City Mills having sold at \$4, Howard street \$3.75 to \$2.87; and Susquehama at \$4. The lowest quotation for Howard street is for a few hundred barrels sold on Thursday. The inspections of flour for the week comprise 13.972 barrels and 434

PHILADELPHIA, June 13, 1846.

Since your Philadelphia correspondent has been endeavoring to amuse the readers of the Heraid, several articles have appeared in two of the catchpenny publications of Philadelphia, vilifying a gentleman who is entirely innocent of any participation in the letters they condemn. Had the abuse been cast upon the individual who has the pleasure of being the author of the letters referred to, not one word would have been said in relation to the subject, and leave make this meetics to be a support of the subject, and leave make this meetics to be a support of the subject, and leave make this meetics to be a support of the subject, and leave make this meetics to be a support of the subject, and leave make this meetics to be a support of the subject and leave the support of the subject and leave the support of the subject and leave the support of the suppor tion to the subject; and I only make this mention to induce them to pick their flints and try again, but first to know who they are firing at before fixing their aim.

M. P. Mitchell, Esq., the present proprietor tered on the proprietorship on Wednesday last, and the house-warming of to-day was in commemoration of the

tered on the proprietorship on Wednesday last, and the house-warming of to-day was in commemoration of the event. He promises to be an extremely popular host, both from his manners being those of a polished gentleman, and the prompt attention to the wants of his guests, which he inculcates to the underlings in his service.—Mr. West, late of the Exchange Hotel, Baltimore, associated with Mr. Mitchell, is so well known to the travelling community, that little need be said of his abilities to oversee the department placed under his charge. The furniture of the ladies' parlor has been furnished by Mr. Crawford Riddle, and is magnificent—it surpasses all that can be seen in this city.

The steamboat Rip Van Winkle, Capt Fury, from your city, arrived here yesterday, and will soon commence her trips to Cape May, which are to continue throughout the bathing season. There is to be considerable competition, this season, among the Cape May boats. The Baltimore line are to have two boats on, the Ohio and Goo. Washington; and the Portsmouth, Cant. Devoe, will run as usual.

The report of the nomination and confirmation of John K. Kane, Esq., as Judge of the U. S. Circuit Court, as reported yesterday, seems not to have much foundation; at least it needs confirmation. The latest rumor, raised through mischief, however, is to the effect, that J. S. Cohen, Esq., the present Prethonotary of the District Court, had been nominated by the President. The members of the bar, and others, have been quizzing Mr. Cohen all the morning by congratulating him upon the honor conferred. He takes the joke quite coolly, however, and blames Major Christy as being the author of the report, in revenge for a pun he had perpetrated—though his friend should be posted at Corpus Christi, but whether or not, he would advise him to take care of his corpus.

thought his friend should be posted at Corpus Christi, but whether or not, he would advise him to take care of his corpus.

Some excitement was occasioned in Southwark and Moyamensing, yesterday afternoon, by the arrests made by the police of the former district, at the fire, of which I informed you. The persons who were arrested, contending that the Superintendent of Police had exceeded his authority in taking them in custody without any violation of law having been committed on their part, after they had been released on bail, in turn sued him for assault and battery, and false arrests. The arrest of Archy Cozzens, whose name alone has sufficed to scare the row-dy boys for many years past, was an arrest which afforded extreme gratification, and his progress from one Alderman's office to another, was attended by a large retinue. He was held to bail by Alderman Fletcher, of Moyamensing, to answer at Court the charges preferred against him.

Stocks have advanced wonderfully this morning from the effect of the anticipated settlement of the Oregon controversy—the vote having been announced by telegraph. At the first board State 5's sold at 69; 13 higher than yesterday. A considerable falling off occurred at the second board, but still the closing prices exhibited an advance on the prices of yesterday.

Sales of Stocks at Philadelphia.

an advance on the prices of yesterday.

Sales of Stocks at Philadel phia.

June 13—First Board—10,000 State 5s, 69; 5000 a 5 ds wn, 695; 70,000 do 59; 150 Finnters Bank, Miss, 35; 11 US Bank, 45; 100 Reading Railroad, 35%; 147 North American Ins Co, 7: 3000 Lehigh 6s, 56; 1000 do 30; 150 Morris Canal, 15%; 59 Harrishurg Railroad, 18%; 4,500 Wilmington Railroad, 50; 6 Commercial Bank, 49%.

AFIER SALES—400 Reading Railroad, 15%; 100 Morris Canal, 15%; 100 Girard Bk, 10%; 1000 Reading Railroad Bonds, 78%; 3000 do 78.

SECOND BOARD—200 Vicksburg, 6%; 5000 Wilmington RR. 6s, 55, 78%; 5000 Reading Railroad Bonds 6s, 77%; 2 Philadelphis Bank, 108; 36 Farm & Mech's Bank, 41; 36 Harrisburg Railroad, 18%; 100 Girard Bank, 10%; 3000 Lehigh 6s, 56.

AFIER SALES—300 Reading Railroad, 30%; 315 Lehigh Interest, 42; 1500 Sus. Canal notes, 30%; 500 Reading Railroad, 35%; 15,000 State 5s, 68%.

Naval.—The U. S. brig Truxton, Commander Carpender, dropped down to Humpton Roads yesterday afternoon, and will probably proceed to sea to-day. The following is a list of her officers:—Commander, Edw'd Carpender; Lieutenants, Bus rod W. Hunter, Otway H. Berryman; Pusser, Geo. F. Cutter; P. A. Surgeon, J. S. Messersmith; Passed Midshipmen, J. P. Bankhead, G. B. Bissell; Midshipmen, L. S. Bassett, Isaac N. Briceland; Passenger, Commander Alexander Slidell McKenzie. Letters have been received here from the U. S. ship Jamestown, at Forto Praya, May 6th, all well.—Norfolk Beacon, June 12.

APPOINTMENT BY THE PRESIDENT.—James Fiora, of New York, to be consul of the United States for the City of Manchester, England.

TEMPERANCE IN THE NAVY.—A temperance shaden formed on board the U.S. ship Cyane, the "Washington National Temperance Society," one of the officers and crew signed the total abstituted to the officers and crew signed the total abstituted to the content of the officers and crew signed the total abstituted to the content of the content o

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

THE PRELIMINARY SETTLEMENT OF THE IN THE SENATE.

The Senate has given the advice, relative to the

Oregon question, to the President by the consti-tutional majority, and a treaty will immediately be framed on the terms offered by Great Britain.

could have been obtained if it had been necessary. Mr. Atchison did not vote, and Mr. Bright was absent.

This intelligence will send a thrill of pleasure

PHILADELPHIA, June 13, 1846. The vote in the Senate, advising the President to comptomise the Oregon controversy, is as fol-

be subject to the United States laws of navigation and revenue, now in existence, but no farther
restriction shall be imposed without the reference
to this right. The article stipulating for remuneration for British settlement below the line of
49 deg, provides for compensation for any American province North of it.

The following is the most reliable account of
the opposition as it now stands:—Messrs. Fairfield, Atherton, Dickinson, Sturgeon, Cameron,
Cass, Atchinson, Breese, Semple, Allen and Hannegan, and Mr. Bright also, but he is still absent
in Virginia, and is not expected before Monday.
The following are doubtful: Messrs. Bagby,
Turney, Westcott and Simmons. The last will
probably go right on the great struggle. Mr.Barrow
and Mr. Crittenden are absent at Fortress Monroe,
and will not return before Monday. Mr. Evans is expected back to-day, and then the Senate is accounted for as full. Mr. Atchson has paired off
with Mr. Crittenden. The whigs will relieve him,
if the constitutional majority can be obtained
without his vote; if not, he will be kept in "durance vile."

The fifty-four forties declare onen war upon the

iett Regelications for Farms, at the Real Estate mane all demands to become so numerous that to enable us to meet all demands to become so numerous that to enable us to meet all demands to become so numerous that to enable us to meet all demands to become so numerous that to enable us to meet all demands to become so numerous that to enable us to meet all demands to become so numerous that to enable us to meet all demands to become so numerous that to enable us to meet all demands to become so numerous that to enable us to meet all demands to become so numerous that to enable us to meet all demands to become so numerous that to enable us to meet all demands to become so numerous that to enable us to meet all demands to be even and to the service of the south to issue and the south Booklyn will be other a superior house and lot in We have other applications in waiting, some from cash purchases, and some for exchanges. We are about to issue an time, the summer of the transmittent of the summer of

TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

In Senate.

Washington, June 12, 1846.

Mr. Allen submitted a resolution that the 40th rule of the Senate, which requires that in consideration of executive business, the doors of the Senate shall be closed against the public, be rescinded, and that the doors of the Senate shall be closed against the public, be rescinded, and that the doors of the Senate shall be open during the session of the Senate, upon any business whatsoever.

A Voice—Let it lie over.

Mr Spright—Oh! let us have it—let's have it. We might as well have it now as at any time.

The resolution lies over.

The bill for indemnification of Ellish White, late Sub-Indian Agent in Oregon, for a robbery which he suffered from the Pawnee Indians, while journeying from Oregon across the prairies, on his way to Washington, was this morning taken up on the question of its final passage, and rejected—22 to 23.

The ground of the rejection of the bill is that Dr. White was not travelling under the authority of the government at the time of the robbery, but on his own private responsibility.

FORT BROWN—PALO AND RESACA DE LA PALMA.

Two messages were reported from the President, one of an Executive character, and one covering detailed official despatches of the recent splendid operations of the army on the Rio Grande, under General Taylor. Ordered to be printed.

Mr. Ashley reported a bill which was supposed to have a bearing in regard to "those bonds."

A lot of private cases were disposed of.

The supplemental army bill, with the agreement of the House to certain amendments of the Senate, and its disagreement to others, was reported. The matters in issue will therefore be left to a committee of cenference, and when their report shall have been agreed upon, we shall give you the bill as finally passed.

A joint resolution reported from the Judiciary Committee by Mr. Ashley, providing for the purchase and distribution of certain law books among the States, coming up—

Mr. Ashley advocated the measure, upon the general ground of the u